**ASSIGNMENT-7**

**NAME-SUNITI RAJANANDINI SAMAL**

**REGD NO-2061020071**

**Q1) read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse order.**

**ANSWER**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int i,n,a[100];

printf("The number of elements to store in the array :\n");

scanf("%d",&n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf("a[%d] : ",i);

scanf("%d",&a[i]);

}

printf("\nThe values store into the array are : \n");

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf(" %d",a[i]);

}

printf("\n\nThe values store into the array in reverse are :\n");

for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)

{

Printf("% d",a[i]);

}

}

**OUTPUT**

The number of elements to store in the array :                         3                                                                      a[0] : 1                                                               a[1] : 2                                                               a[2] : 3                                                               The values store into the array are :

 1  2  3

The values store into the array in reverse are :

  3  2  1

**Q2) find the sum of all elements of the array.**

**ANSWER**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int a[30];

int i, n, sum=0;

printf("Input the number of elements:");

scanf("%d",&n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf("a[%d] : ",i);

scanf("%d",&a[i]);

}

for(i=0; i<n; i++)

{

sum += a[i];

}

printf("Sum of all elements is: %d", sum);

}

**OUTPUT**

Input the number of elements:4

a[0] : 5

a[1] : 7

a[2] : 8

a[3] : 0

Sum of all elements is: 20

**Q3) copy the elements of one array into another array.**

**ANSWER**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int a[50], b[60];

int i, n;

printf("Input the number of elements:");

scanf("%d",&n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf("a[%d] : ",i);

scanf("%d",&a[i]);

}

for(i=0; i<n; i++)

{

b[i] = a[i];

}

printf("copied elements are:\n");

for(i=0; i<n; i++)

{

printf("% d", b[i]);

}

}

**OUTPUT**

Input the number of elements:5

a[0] : 7

a[1] : 8

a[2] : 9

a[3] : 0

a[4] : 5

copied elements are:

7 8 9 0 5

**Q4) count a total number of duplicate elements in an array.**

**ANSWER**

#include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

int arr[6];

int i, j, size, count = 0;

printf("Enter array size : ");

scanf("%d", &size);

printf("Enter elements in array : ");

for(i=0; i<size; i++)

{

scanf("%d", &arr[i]);

}

for(i=0; i<size; i++)

{

for(j=i+1; j<size; j++)

{

if(arr[i] == arr[j])

{

count++;

break;

}

}

}

printf("\nTotal number of duplicate elements found in array = %d", count);

return 0;

}

**Output**

Enter array size : 5

Enter elements in array : 2 3 5 5 7 7

Total number of duplicate elements found in array = 1

**Q5) find the maximum and minimum element in an array.**

**ANSWER**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int arr[100];

int i,max,min,n;

printf("Number of elements :");

scanf("%d",&n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf("a[%d] : ",i);

scanf("%d",&arr[i]);

}

max = arr[0];

min = arr[0];

for(i=1; i<n; i++)

{

if(arr[i]>max)

{

max = arr[i];

}

if(arr[i]<min)

{

min = arr[i];

}

}

printf("Maximum element is : %d\n", max);

printf("Minimum element is : %d", min);

}

**Output**

Number of elements :4

a[0] : 7777777

a[1] : 89098

a[2] : 0

a[3] : 8

Maximum element is : 7777777

Minimum element is : 0

**Q6) separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.**

**ANSWER**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int a[10],b[10],c[10];

int i,j=0,k=0,n;

printf("Number of elements :");

scanf("%d",&n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf("a[%d] : ",i);

scanf("%d",&a[i]);

}

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

if (a[i]%2 == 0)

{

b[j] = a[i];

j++;

}

else

{

c[k] = a[i];

k++;

}

}

printf("\nThe Even elements are : \n");

for(i=0;i<j;i++)

{

printf("%d ",b[i]);

}

printf("\nThe Odd elements are :\n");

for(i=0;i<k;i++)

{

printf("%d ", c[i]);

}

}

**Output**

Number of elements  :8

a[0] : 6

a[1] : 9

a[2] : 8

a[3] : 4

a[4] : 99

a[5] : 81

a[6] : 77

a[7] : 90

The Even elements are :

6 8 4 90

The Odd elements are :

9 99 81 77

**Q7) insert New value in the array.**

**ANSWER**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int arr1[50],i,n,p,inval;

printf("Input the size of array : ");

scanf("%d", &n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf("a[%d] : ",i);

scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);

}

printf("Input the value to be inserted : ");

scanf("%d",&inval);

printf("The exist array list is :\n ");

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

printf(" %d",arr1[i]);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

if(inval<arr1[i])

{

p = i;

break;

}

for(i=n;i>=p;i--)

arr1[i]= arr1[i-1];

arr1[p]=inval;

printf("\n\nAfter Insert the list is :\n ");

for(i=0;i<=n;i++)

printf(" %d",arr1[i]);

}

**Output**

Input the size of array : 4

a[0] : 8

a[1] : 7

a[2] : 9

a[3] : 89

Input the value to be inserted : 100

After Insert the list is :

  100 8 7 9 89

**Q8) delete an element at desired position from an array.**

**ANSWER**

#include <stdio.h>

void main(){

int arr1[50],i,pos,n;

printf("Input the size of array : ");

scanf("%d", &n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf("a[%d] : ",i);

scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);

}

printf("\nInput the position where to delete: ");

scanf("%d",&pos);

i=0;

while(i!=pos-1)

i++;

while(i<n)

{

arr1[i]=arr1[i+1];

i++;

}

n--;

printf("\nThe new list is : ");

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

printf(" %d",arr1[i]);

}

printf("\n\n");

}

**Output**

Input the size of array : 3

a[0] : 8

a[1] : 9

a[2] : 0

Input the position where to delete: 2

The new list is :   8  0

**Q9) find the second largest element in an array.**

#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int array[10];

int size, i, largest, second;

printf("enter the size of array:");

scanf("%d",&size);

printf("the value stored in the array is:\n");

for(i=0;i<size;i++){

printf("a[%d]:",i);

scanf("%d",&array[i]);

}

if(array[0] > array[1]) {

largest = array[0];

second = array[1];

} else {

largest = array[1];

second = array[0];

}

for(i=2;i<size;i++) {

if(largest<array[i] ) {

second = largest;

largest = array[i];

} else if( second< array[i] ) {

second = array[i];

}

}

printf("Largest - %d \nSecond - %d \n", largest, second);

return 0;

}

**OUTPUT**

enter the size of array:3

the value stored in the array is:

a[0]5

a[1]7

a[2]9

Largest - 9

Second - 7

**Q10) . find the median of two sorted arrays of same size.**

#include <stdio.h>

int max(int a, int b)

{

return ((a > b) ? a : b);

}

int min(int a, int b)

{

return ((a < b) ? a : b);

}

int median(int arr[], int size)

{

if (size % 2 == 0)

return (arr[size/2] + arr[size/2-1])/2;

else

return arr[size/2];

}

int median2SortedArrays(int arr1[], int arr2[], int size)

{

int med1;

int med2;

if(size <= 0) return -1;

if(size == 1) return (arr1[0] + arr2[0])/2;

if (size == 2) return (max(arr1[0], arr2[0]) + min(arr1[1], arr2[1])) / 2;

med1 = median(arr1, size);

med2 = median(arr2, size);

if(med1 == med2) return med1;

if (med1 < med2)

{

return median2SortedArrays(arr1 + size/2, arr2, size - size/2);

}

else

{

return median2SortedArrays(arr2 + size/2, arr1, size - size/2);

}

}

int main()

{

int i,m,n;

int arr1[] = {1, 5, 13, 24, 35};

int arr2[] = {3, 8, 15, 17, 32};

m = sizeof(arr1)

n = sizeof(arr2)

printf("The given array - 1 is : ");

for(i = 0; i< m; i++)

{

printf("%d ", arr1[i]);

}

printf("\n");

printf("The given array - 2 is : ");

for(i = 0; i< n; i++)

{

printf("%d ", arr2[i]);

}

printf("\n");

printf("\nThe Median of the 2 sorted arrays is: %d",median2SortedArrays(arr1, arr2, n));

return 0;

}

**OUTPUT**

The given array - 1 is :  1  5  13  24  35

The given array - 2 is :  3  8  15  17  32

The Median of the 2 sorted arrays is: 14

**11. multiplication of two square Matrices**

#include <stdio.h>

#define N 4

void multiply(int mat1[][N], int mat2[][N], int res[][N])

{

int i, j, k;

for (i = 0; i< N; i++) {

for (j = 0; j < N; j++) {

res[i][j] = 0;

for (k = 0; k < N; k++)

res[i][j] += mat1[i][k] \* mat2[k][j];

}

}

}

int main()

{

int mat1[N][N] = { { 1, 1, 1, 1 },

{ 2, 2, 2, 2 },

{ 3, 3, 3, 3 },

{ 4, 4, 4, 4 } };

int mat2[N][N] = { { 1, 1, 1, 1 },

{ 2, 2, 2, 2 },

{ 3, 3, 3, 3 },

{ 4, 4, 4, 4 } };

int res[N][N]; // To store result

int i, j;

multiply(mat1, mat2, res);

printf("Result matrix is \n");

for (i = 0; i< N; i++) {

for (j = 0; j < N; j++)

printf("%d ", res[i][j]);

printf("\n");

}

return 0;

}

**OUTPUT**

Result matrix is

10 10 10 10

20 20 20 20

30 30 30 30

40 40 40 40

**12. find transpose of a given matrix.**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int arr1[50][50],brr1[50][50],i,j,r,c;

printf("\nInput the rows and columns of the matrix : ");

scanf("%d %d",&r,&c);

printf("Input elements in the first matrix :\n");

for(i=0;i<r;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<c;j++)

{

printf("element - [%d],[%d] : ",i,j);

scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);

}

}

printf("\nThe matrix is :\n");

for(i=0;i<r;i++)

{

printf("\n");

for(j=0;j<c;j++)

printf("%d\t",arr1[i][j]);

}

for(i=0;i<r;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<c;j++)

{

brr1[j][i]=arr1[i][j];

}

}

printf("\n\nThe transpose of a matrix is : ");

for(i=0;i<c;i++){

printf("\n");

for(j=0;j<r;j++){

printf("%d\t",brr1[i][j]);

}

}

}

**OUTPUT**

Input the rows and columns of the matrix : 2 3

Input elements in the first matrix :

element - [0],[0] : 1

element - [0],[1] : 2

element - [0],[2] : 3

element - [1],[0] : 4

element - [1],[1] : 5

element - [1],[2] : 6

The matrix is :

1       2       3

4       5       6

The transpose of a matrix is :

1       4

2       5

3       6

**13. find the sum of left diagonals of a matrix.**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int i,j,arr1[50][50],sum=0,n,m=0;

printf("Input the size of the square matrix : ");

scanf("%d", &n);

m=n;

printf("Input elements in the first matrix :\n");

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<n;j++)

{

printf("element - [%d],[%d] : ",i,j);

scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);

}

}

printf("The matrix is :\n");

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<n ;j++)

printf("% 4d",arr1[i][j]);

printf("\n");

}

for(i=0;i<n;i++)

{

m=m-1;

for(j=0;j<n ;j++)

{

if (j==m)

{

sum= sum+arr1[i][j];

}

}

}

printf("Addition of the left Diagonal elements is :%d\n",sum);

}

**OUTPUT**

Input the size of the square matrix : 2

Input elements in the first matrix :

element - [0],[0] : 2

element - [0],[1] : 5

element - [1],[0] : 8

element - [1],[1] : 9

The matrix is :

2   5

8   9

Addition of the  left Diagonal elements is :13

**14. check whether a given matrix is an identity matrix.**

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{

int a[10][10];

int i, j, row, column, count = 1;

printf("Enter the order of the matrix A \n");

scanf("%d %d", &row, &column);

printf("Enter the elements of matrix A \n");

for (i = 0; i< row; i++)

{

for (j = 0; j < column; j++)

{

scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);

}

}

printf("MATRIX A is \n");

for (i = 0; i< row; i++)

{

for (j = 0; j < column; j++)

{

printf(" %d", a[i][j]);

}

printf("\n");

}

for (i = 0; i< row; i++)

{

for (j = 0; j < column; j++)

{

if (a[i][j] != 1 && a[j][i] != 0)

{

count = 0;

break;

}

}

}

if (count== 1 )

printf("It is identity matrix \n");

else

printf("It is not a identity matrix \n");

}

**OUTPUT**

Enter the order of the matrix A

2

2

Enter the elements of matrix A

1

0

0

MATRIX A is

 1 0

 0 1

It is identity matrix

**15. search an element in a row wise and column wise sorted matrix.**

#include <stdio.h>

int searchElement(int arr2D[4][4], int n, int x)

{

int i = 0, j = n-1;

while ( i< n && j >= 0 )

{

if ( arr2D[i][j] == x )

{

printf("\nThe element Found at the position in the matrix is: %d, %d", i, j);

return 1;

}

if ( arr2D[i][j] < x )

j--;

else

i++;

}

printf("\nThe given element not found in the 2D array.");

return 0;

}

int main()

{

int arr2D[4][4] = { {15, 23, 31, 39},

{18, 26, 36, 43},

{25, 28, 37, 48},

{30, 34, 39, 50},

};

int i,j,v;

v=51;

printf("The given array in matrix form is : \n");

for(i = 0; i< 4; i++)

{

for (j=0;j<4;j++)

{

printf("%d ", arr2D[i][j]);

}

printf("\n");

}

printf("The given value for searching is: %d",v);

searchElement(arr2D, 4, v);

return 0;

}

**OUTPUT**

The given array in matrix form is :

15  23  31  39

18  26  36  43

25  28  37  48

30  34  39  50

The given value for searching is: 51

The given element not found in the 2D array.